RE-CAP QUIZ 2: the timeline

The answers to this quiz were all contained in the lesson, *The timeline of Palestine & Israel and the accompanying slideshow.*

**Quick questions: check your knowledge**

1. Which of these groups has never ruled any of what today is Palestine & Israel?
2. The Ayyubid Muslim Sultanate
3. The British
4. The Crusaders
5. The Germans
6. The Jews
7. The Arabs
8. The Romans
9. The Turks
10. What was the name for the 6 weeks of mass protest by Palestinians in Gaza in 2018?
11. During what major conflict did Britain make conflicting promises to Jews, Arabs and the French about what would happen to Palestine?
12. What was the name of the canal in Egypt which Britain and Israel went to war to take control of in 1956?
13. When did Israel occupy of the West Bank, Gaza and the Golan Heights? Can you name the war?
14. 1993 saw the signing of a surprise peace plan between Palestinian Liberation Organisation and Israel. Which European country played the key role in mediating the agreement?
15. France
16. Germany
17. Norway
18. Britain
19. Turkey
20. Italy
21. When did Israel remove Jewish settlers from Gaza?
22. Which Palestinian militant group has the Gaza Strip since elections in 2006?
23. Hamas
24. Hezbullah
25. The Palestinian Liberation Organisation

**Big questions**

1. Describe why the events of 1948 are remembered so differently by Jewish Israelis and Palestinians
2. How far does a history and ancestry entitle you to rule land today?

# Quiz 2 ANSWERS

1. Which of these groups has never ruled any of what today is Palestine & Israel?

Answer: **all these groups ruled Palestine or Israel**, and so did Assyrians, Macedonians, Persians, Babylonians, Canaanites and ancient Egyptians.

1. The Ayyubid Muslim Sultanate took control of Jerusalem under Saladin.
2. The British ruled Palestine under a League of Nations Mandate in the 20th century.
3. The “Frankish” Crusaders controlled Jerusalem and surrounding areas in the 11th-12th centuries.
4. You could be forgiven for guessing this! But a German King ruled Palestine briefly when Frederick II made a treaty for the Crusaders to again rule Jerusalem in the 13th Century.
5. Jews ruled Israel, both the ancient kingdom and then centuries later the modern state.
6. Arabs were the driving force behind the Muslim Caliphates that ruled Palestine and much of West Asia and North Africa in the Middle Ages. In modern times the Palestinian Authority has had limited powers in some areas.
7. The Romans combined Judaea and Syria into the province Syria Palestina.
8. Turks ruled Palestine as a province of the Ottoman Empire.
9. **The Great March of Return**, which refers to Palestinians returning to ancestral land in Israel, was the name for 6 weeks of mass protest by Palestinians in Gaza in 2018.
10. During **World War I** Britain make conflicting promises to Jews, Arabs and the French about what would happen to Palestine?
11. Britain went to war to take control of the **The Suez Canal** in Egypt in 1956.
12. In the **Six Day War in 1967**, Israel took control of the Golan Heights from Syria, the West Bank from Jordan and Gaza and the Sinai from Egypt, although the Sinai was later returned.
13. **Norway’s** foreign minister mediated talks which led to the “Oslo Accords” between Palestinian Liberation Organisation and Israel in 1993.
14. In **2005**, the government of Israeli Prime Minister Ariel Sharon removed Jewish settlers from Gaza.
15. Which Palestinian militant group has the Gaza Strip since elections in 2006?
16. **Hamas was elected by a majority of Palestinians in Gaza in 2006**

**Big questions**

1. Describe why the events of 1948 are remembered so differently by Jewish Israelis and Palestinians

*The war of 1948 is remembered by Palestinians as the “Nakba”, meaning catastrophe, and many were displaced from their homes. Israel won the war against the Arab states and declared its independence.*

1. How far does a history and ancestry entitle you to rule land today?

*There is not a single answer to this question, but learners may note the many groups who have ruled Palestine, competing claims and promises, and question whether everyone has a perfect right to rule.*